



BUILDING BRIDGES BETWEEN GROUPS

Synoptic Chronological Chart for a joint
inaugural conference of

Juan Campos y Malcolm Pines

Juan Campos Professional milestones	International roots, bonds, meeting points and bridges of Malcolm and Juan	Malcolm Pines Professional milestones
<p>Birth of Juan Campos (1928)</p>	<p>Birth of Trigant Burrow (1875-1950) Analysed by Carl Gustav Jung (1910-1911); member of the Society of Freudian Physicians of Zürich and of the IPA (Nuremberg). President of the American Association of Psychoanalysis (1925-1927).</p> <p>Birth of S. H. Foulkes (1898-1976) Analysed by Helene Deutsch (1928-1930)</p> <p>1917 Burrow: Study on institutionalisation in journal of Child Study Association of America.</p> <p>1914-1918 First World War</p> <p>1925 Burrow, author of the first version of group analysis. "The laboratory method in psychoanalysis, its inception and development". Creates method of Social Self Inquiry.</p> <p><i>Bridge of Experimental Psychology and Psychoanalysis (Freud & Jung)</i></p>	<p>Birth of Malcolm Pines (1925)</p>

	<p>1925 Foulkes Works for Goldstein. Trained in Neurology and Gestalt. (1925-1928)</p>	
	<p>1930-1933 Foulkes is Director of the Clinic of the Institute of Psychoanalysis Frankfurt Immigrates to England. In contact with Sociology of the Frankfurt School.</p> <p>1939 Foulkes is author of the second version of Group Analysis and, between others, the concept of network theory of neurosis and of group matrix. <i>Psychosocial and theoretical bridges</i></p> <p>1939 End of Spanish Civil War and beginning of Second World War.</p>	
	<p>1942 ASGPP J. L. Moreno (1889-1974) 1942 AGPA S. R. Slavson (1891-1981) 1942-1946 Northfield Experiment, cradle of group and therapeutic community work</p>	<p>1942 Malcolm starts preclinical studies at Cambridge</p>
<p>1945 Juan starts Medicine and wants to be a surgeon.</p>	<p>1945 End of Second World War</p> <p>1946 Monday night Linnell Close Group</p>	<p>1945 Malcolm starts personal analysis and is admitted to training; discontinued because of the death of his analyst, Adrian Stephen, 18 month later.</p>
<p>1948 Juan sits for first time in a study group (círculo de estudios) and becomes a tutor at the Colegios Mayores (Student Residencies) of the Opus Dei, of which he becomes a full member (1948-1958).</p>	<p>1948 III International Congress of Mental Health (originally, this "monster congress" was "of Mental Hygiene". First ideas about creating a permanent international organisation of group psychotherapies Foulkes: "A study of communication in a group by a group". <i>Transatlantic and inter-group bridge</i></p> <p>1948 Establishment of the National Health Service; foundation of the Mental Health Organization.</p>	
	<p>1949-1950 Slavson starts the International Journal of Group Psychotherapy</p>	<p>1949 Malcolm qualifies as MD at London University College Hospital. Works as a GP in Sheffield and is accepted at the Postgraduate Medical Hospital at Hammersmith. Becomes a member of the Royal College of Physician.</p>
<p>1951 Juan finishes licensure as a physician at the University of Barcelona.</p>	<p>1951 Moreno proposes an international association of group psychotherapy and invites colleagues in London to initiate a British ass. of group psychotherapy</p>	

<p>1954-1957 Juan, after an experimental thesis in surgery, receives his doctorate at the University of Madrid. Immigrates to Venezuela and acquires nationality there (1954-1957) and changes orientation towards psychiatry. Works at the Hospital Psiquiátrico of Caracas and a mental health clinic. Founds a Servicio de Revisión Médico-Psicológico Escolar.</p>	<p>1952 London: Foundation of the Group Analytic Society (GAS)</p>	<p>1952 Malcolm renews his training analysis with S. H. Foulkes, of the Anna Freud group. SHF is mentor of his psychoanalytic and group-analytic training. <i>Bridging psychoanalysis and group analysis</i> 1952-1955 Malcolm works at the Maudsley Hospital, the first to be awarded distinction in DPM, and training in Psychiatry. Works for Sir Aubrey Lewis and for S. H. Foulkes and becomes Senior Registrar. Consultant at the Psychotherapy Department of the Maudsley taking Foulkes' role of teaching psychotherapy to psychiatrists, under Dennis Hill.</p>
<p>1957-1958 Juan returns to Spain and prepares for an academic position in Psychiatry at the University of Navarra. Is assistant professor in Medical Psychology at the University of Seville and co-founder of the IESE, the first and even today the most important Business School in Spain (1957-1958).</p>	<p>1955 "Salomon Resnik remembers that in 1955 both [Malcolm and Juan] were at an IPA congress in Geneva and were at a meeting for analysts interested in groups. Foulkes Bion Pichon Lieberman, all were there. Juan vaguely remembers it but he has a clear memory."</p>	<p>1955-1965 Malcolm Ten years at the Cassel while completing psychoanalytical training. Works with Tom Main as Director. Takes part in the Balint short-term psychotherapy workshop published by David Malan as Short Term Dynamic Psychotherapy. One of the founders of ATC-association of therapeutic communities Malcolm: Senior Lecturer at the St. George's Medical School. During four years Malcolm Pines introduced small and large group meetings to the Unit.</p>
<p>1958-1959 Juan is Clinical Assistant at the Maudsley. Work for Kräupl-Taylor (Ward 6 and Social Therapeutic Club) and S. H. Foulkes (Outpatients Psychotherapy, group and individual). DPM studies.</p>	<p>1958 Barcelona: IV International Congress of Psychotherapy. Present: Moreno, Slavson y Foulkes, promoters of future IAGP. Malcolm and Juan, third generation group analysts, present at this Congress. <i>Inter-group, inter-method, international bridges</i></p>	
	<p>1961 Portugal: Foundation of SPGA 1961 The GAS London publishes News and Views. Only two numbers. Its fore-runner was "GAS Correspondence", which Juan has never seen. And the first in turn was the fore-runner of GAIPAC.</p>	
<p>1959-1963 Juan, first trained group psychotherapist in Europe, at the Postgraduate Center for Mental Health in New York in Psychotherapy and Psychoanalysis and Analytic Group Psychotherapy. Analysis with Burton Pfeffer, a Freudian psychoanalyst; and in group therapy with Asya Kadis and Helen Durkin.</p>	<p>1960-1963 Those were the years of the Kennedy Commission of Action for Mental Health which led into the de-institutionalization of Psychiatry through the Mental Health Centres Act and Community Mental Health Act. In the USA, the social therapeutic clubs were not known, and the one at the low-cost clinic of the PCMP was a fore-runner of those to follow</p>	

<p>Graduation project with María Fleischl, "The living room, a social therapeutic club", created and developed together with two colleagues; Worked at the PCMP as Intake Psychiatrist, as research assistant and in administration of the Group Department. Also, medical director at the Lincoln Center for Psychotherapy and Vice-Director of the Essex County Mental Hygiene Clinics (Community Psychiatry) <i>Bridging psychoanalysis, group therapy, and psychiatry</i></p>	<p>in the early sixties. Also, it was so successful that it gave birth to the Postgraduate Center West. One of the problems was that the former was charged to the Government on the "fee for service" basis that most analytic low-cost clinics and private practitioners were following. This, of course, could not be sustained. This movement was in the same spirit with which the Frankfurt Institute of Psychoanalysis was founded: not to train professional psychoanalysts but rather to analyse ideological leaders in education, sociology and politics. See Karl Mannheim and Norbert Elias.</p>	
<p>1963-1968 Juan returns to Spain with a sense of mission. Starts self-supervisory group with group therapy colleagues. Starts group therapy at the university clinic and family therapy at the Hospital Asilo de San Juan de Dios. Chairman of the Department of Family and Child Psychiatry of this hospital. Introduces multidisciplinary in-service training (child psychiatry, clinical psychology, psychiatric social service and therapeutic pedagogy). Professor of family therapy at the postgraduate school of psychology of the Barcelona University. <i>Bridging group and family therapy and academic psychology</i></p>		<p>1968 Malcolm: First textbook article on group analysis in Gazda with L.Hearst and H.Behr</p>
<p>1970 Juan presents in Wards Island, New York, a paper on "Psychiatry and Society: The case of Spain" Juan plans and organises the development of Clinical Psychology at the Autonomous University of Barcelona with the help of Bernie Kalinkowitz, Professor of NY University. <i>Bridging Clinical and Academic Psychology</i> SEPTG pre foundational meeting. Juan, pre-foundational member.</p>	<p>1968 Spain: Foundation of ITGP 1968 Italy: Foundation of SGAI 1970 First European Group Analytic Symposium Lisbon on "Pattern".</p>	<p>1971 Malcolm Founder Member Institute of Group Analysis London (IGA) Active in Winter Workshops of GAS London. Malcolm represents psychotherapy on Council of the Royal College of Psychiatrists. Plans and helps to set up psychotherapy teaching outside London in provinces. <i>Bridging psychiatry and psychotherapy</i></p>
<p>1972 Juan Member of Editorial Board Social Science and Medicine, <i>Bridging Sociology and Medicine</i></p>	<p>1972 Spain: Foundation of the SEPTG; <i>Bridging professional groups and methods in group psychotherapy</i></p>	<p>1972 Foundation of the Institute of Group Analysis. Malcolm co-founder</p>

	Second Symposium in Group Analysis in London on "The large group"	
	<p>1973 IAGP: foundation after twenty-five years of gestation. Malcolm Pines present. Zürich 16 (2, p. 129) <i>Bridge between individuals and groups and between groups on an international level</i> First European Workshop of Group Analysis in London (January 1973)</p>	<p>1973 Foulkes retires from the Maudsley and concentrates on research with network of patients and becomes chairman of the Psychotherapy and Social Psychiatry Section of the RMC. <i>Bridge between group analysis and social psychiatry</i></p>
<p>1974 Juan works with OMS /PAHO on Teaching of Mental Health in Latin American Schools of Medicine</p>	<p>1974 Juan attends Second European Workshop in London on "Change and understanding"; the last one attended by S. H. Foulkes.</p>	
<p>1975 Juan resigns from his position at the Autonomous University of Barcelona because of disagreement with the change of the original policy. Proposes to the National University of Distant Education a program for postgraduate training in general medicine at the Gerona University. Interdepartmental program in medical education between Academia de Ciencias Médicas and the Department of Sociology of the UB. <i>Inter-institutional bridge Medicine and Sociology</i> Because of cancellation of VI IAGP Congress, no rush for translation of <i>Method and Principles</i>, postponed until 1981. <i>Inter-cultural bridge</i></p>	<p>1975 International Colloquium on Group-Analytic Psychotherapy at University College, London, July 27, 1975, coinciding with the XX International Congress of Psychoanalysis. The first time that a joint meeting of psychoanalysts and groupanalysts takes place. Foulkes' main speech was "Qualification as a psychoanalyst as an asset as well as a hindrance for the future group analyst". <i>A turning point for Juan.</i> At a party at Linnell Close Juan suggests the idea of translating <i>Method and Principles</i> into Spanish for the VI Congress of the IAGP in Madrid. VI IAGP Congress cancelled, first in Nice, second in Madrid. Finally is postponed to Philadelphia the following year. Malcolm is chair of the organising committee of the VII IAGP Congress in Copenhagen. Invites Juan as member of the Spanish local organising committee, chaired by María Prado de Molina.</p>	<p>1975 Malcolm represents Foulkes at Zurich meeting of IAGP. Meets the dying Moreno: plans new format of IAGP to restore balance psychodrama/ groupanalysis. <i>Bridge between psychodrama and group analysis.</i> With Jay Fidler plans next congress IAGP Philadelphia. 1976-1978 Malcolm reports from Philadelphia 11 (1, p 75)</p>
	1975 Franco finally dies in November.	
<p>1976 Juan "Función Social de la Medicina" X Congreso de Médicos y Biólogos. 1976-1978 <i>Years of transition for Juan</i> 1. Sociedad de Neuropsiquiatría 2. Sección de Médicos Psiquiatras del Colegio de Médicos 3. Medical education and continuous education for doctors. 4. Contact with the Instituto de Psicoterapia de Bilbao: training in group and family. 4. Symposium de la SEPTG 1978:</p>		<p>1976 S. H. Foulkes dies Malcolm becomes heir apparent and ambassador of GA, but refuses to take over his role as president, as he was insted by the Europeans. 1978 Malcolm: Contributions of SH Foulkes in Wolberg and Aronson</p>

<p>Training of therapists and group psychotherapy. 5. Contact with Latin-American group therapists. 6. Peña Retama y Gállego. 7. "Las psicoterapias psicoanalíticas entre nosaltres".</p>		
<p>1979 Juan with his "International Panel and Correspondence? "A bystander's view" 1979 12 (2, p.107) suggests a joint meeting of UK and "overseas members" and GAIPAC correspondents at the Copenhagen Congress.</p>		<p>1979 Malcolm: Launches Groupanalytic training Denmark followed by course in Psychotherapy supervision.</p>
<p>1980 Juan presents in the IAGP Copenhagen Congress two papers, one on a round table "The analyst's family health"; another by invitation of Malcolm "The groupanalytic orientation in family therapy: the teachings of Foulkes".</p> <p>Juan "Como leer a Foulkes con ánimo de entenderlo", <i>Clinica y Análisis Grupal</i></p> <p>Juan together with Jesús de Miguel inspires Colectivo Barcelona for SEPTG Symposium "A group approach in a national health service"</p> <p>Juan founds Convergencia Analítica, inter-group and inter-orientation of individual and group analysis <i>Inter-group bridge</i></p> <p>Juan creates GAO Project. Professional groups and their members. <i>Inter-group, inter-theoretical and inter-methodological training.</i></p> <p>Becomes "tejedor de redes" (network knitter).</p> <p>Juan together with others publishes <i>Psicología Dinámica Grupal</i></p> <p>Juan claims for objectives and intentions of S. H. Foulkes for GAIPAC to be preserved and his aspirations for an association of group analysts not of group analysis.</p>	<p>1980 IAGP Malcolm President-Elect organises VII International Congress of IAGP in Copenhagen with the theme of "The individual and the group". <i>Bridge between the Individual and the group</i></p> <p>Juan from this congress onwards promotes meetings between English and European members of GAS; also between followers of S.H. Foulkes and E. Pichon-Rivière. <i>Inter-group, inter-theoretical and inter-methodological bridges.</i></p> <p>Juan promotes affiliation of the SEPTG to IAGP <i>Inter-institutional, international bridges</i></p> <p>From 1979 beginning of block training in GA in Europe, Malcolm and Juan are involved in different ways.</p> <p>1980 and 1981 Barcelona and Cestona Juan y Malcolm and other members of GAS and IGA organise three Residential Workshops in GA <i>Inter-group and inter-methodological bridge in groupanalytic training.</i></p>	<p>1980 Malcolm becomes "travelling salesman" of GA and the great synthesiser (vendedor ambulante de grupo análisis) travelling continuously all around the world. <i>Personal, theoretical, methodological and inter-group bridges.</i></p> <p>London legitimates itself as "center of Group Analysis", promoting the conversion of GAIPAC (Group Analysis International Panel and Correspondence) into Group Analysis the journal of group-analytic psychotherapy, and the Institute of Group Analysis as legitimizer of training in Group Analysis.</p> <p>Malcolm Editor of International Library of Group Psychotherapy and Group Process, Routledge and Kegan Paul</p> <p>Malcolm: President Section of Psychiatry Royal Society of Medicine London</p> <p>Malcolm: Chairs curriculum committee IGA</p> <p>Malcolm: trained in Psychodrama with Dean and Doreen Elfeffthery who came to England for this for 3 years.</p> <p>Malcolm: On staff of Introductory course on groupanalysis Bilbao [Prof Jose Guimon]</p> <p>1980-1984 Malcolm: President IAGP. Plenary speaker Regional Congress IAGP Taiwan</p>
<p>1981 Juan finally is able to publish the translation of S. H. F.'s <i>Method and Principles</i> (Gedisa)</p>	<p>1981 V Symposium in Group Analysis on "Resistance", Rome.</p>	<p>1981 Malcolm: Launches groupanalytic training Norway.</p>

<p>1984 Juan Position paper in the Zagreb Symposium "A dialogue for Change", "From the politics of teaching to the pragmatics of Learning: Group Analysis' greatest hope in training".</p>	<p>1982 GAS Study Day at <i>Bedford College</i> London which leads to the creation of a European Working Party, and the split of the Journal and the Bulletin. Liesl Hearst and Yannis Tsegos propose the launching of EGATIN. <i>European Group Analytic Training Institutions</i></p>	<p>1983 Malcolm Launches International Library of Group Analysis [Routledge] with <i>The Evolution of Group Analysis</i></p> <p>1984 Malcolm: 1984 Foulkes Lecture <i>Reflections on Mirroring</i></p>
<p>1986 Juan together with others publishes <i>Formación in Psicoterapia de Grupo y Psicodrama en España</i>.</p>		<p>1985 Malcolm: <i>Bion and Group Psychotherapy</i></p> <p>1986 Malcolm, editor of GA secures the transformación of GAIPAC into GA; editorial 19 (1.2) <i>Inter-theoretical bridge in writing</i> Malcolm becomes Consultant Psychotherapist of the Tavistock Clinic, reintroduces interest in group psychotherapy. Work with Malan... establishing a bridge with GA <i>Inter-institutional group work</i></p> <p>Malcolm: publishes on borderline disorders</p>
<p>1988 Juan as speaker of scientific communications of the SEPTG Symposium, invites Pat de Maré, author of the Large Group (in GA) <i>Inter-theoretical, inter-methodological and inter-group bridge</i></p>	<p>1987 Juan Controversy Alfreda Galt ("Towards Social Sanity and Human Survival") and Roberts 1987, 20 (2, p. 139). Starts contact with Lifwynn Foundation and with its President Alfreda Galt.</p>	
<p>1989 Juan together with others founds Grup d'Anàlisi Barcelona <i>Inter-theoretical and inter-methodological bridge</i></p> <p>Further contacts with Lifwynn Foundation. Bailey Farms.</p>	<p>1989 Juan, vice-president of IAGP during eight years promotes that the themes of the SEPTG symposiums coincide with the ones of IAGP congresses. Promotes Special Sections in IAGP <i>International inter-group bridge</i></p>	<p>1989 Malcolm: <i>History and Psychoanalysis</i></p>
<p>1991 Juan publishes "Del Somni d'Irma al Somni de Mira: Somnis Professionals", a book in preparation since 1986. <i>Inter-theoretical bridge</i></p>		<p>1991 Malcolm Editor of International Library of Group Analysis, Jessica Kingsley Publishers</p> <p>Malcolm: Chair Publications Committee Institute of Psychoanalysis London and pushes for revision of Strachey</p> <p>Malcolm: <i>The practice of Group Analysis</i> with J. Roberts</p>

<p>1995 Juan, beginning with IAGP Buenos Aires Congress and Windows '95, introduces Internet and TICs as methodology of communication in the professional associations of which he is member: IAGP, SEPTG, GA. <i>Global professional communication</i></p> <p>The Department of Sociology of the Barcelona University initiates a doctoral program on Sociology of Medicine which is a continuation of the one set up in the years ... by Juan and Prof. Jesús de Miguel, now head of department. This program takes students of any discipline and in its first year, Juan conducts a workshop in Group Analysis with all the students with the aim of integrating the different outlooks determined by the professional disciplines. Besides being incorporated as professor, Juan becomes part of the group of research in sociology of the department. <i>Inter-institutional bridge: group analysis and academic sociology</i></p>	<p>1995 Juan elected Honorary Archivist de la IAGP during the Congress of Buenos Aires. Upon return attends the InterMed Congress of Barcelona and writes the history of IAGP based on an interview the FLAPAG makes Juan in Buenos Aires.</p>	<p>1995 Malcolm: Liases with London School of Economics, gives seminars for 3 years on Mind, Self and Society in department of social psychology <i>Bridge group analysis, psychoanalysis and society</i></p> <p>Malcolm: Takes part in negotiations with Birkbeck College, University of London for validation of IGA Qualifying Course leading to MA.</p> <p>Malcolm introduces with Meg Sharpe Large Groups to AGPA conferences. <i>Inter-institutional group analysis</i></p> <p>Malcolm made regular visits to Bologna taking part in the groupanalytic training organised by Luisa Brunori leading to the founding of IGA Bologna</p>
<p>1998 Juan starts the list Foro de Grupo Análisis en Castellano and the www.grupoanalisis.org</p> <p>Juan attends InterMed Congress of Genova on Internet and Mental Health. Juan becomes the Xenophon of GA (E. H. Anthony being the Herodotus)</p> <p>Juan also publishes in <i>An open history... 25 years of the SEPTG (edited by Hanne Campos) a paper on "Recollection, oblivion and reminiscence, or the SEPTG and its old histories"</i> <i>Individuals-group and inter-group bridges</i></p> <p>Juan in the annual Symposium of the SEPTG in Sitges 1998 organises an online virtual connection with Buenos Aires.</p>	<p>1998 Juan publishes a bi-lingual <i>A history of the IAGP: Facts and Findings</i>, which he intends to be a history of a group by a group. Presented at the Congress of IAGP in London in 1998. <i>History of group psychotherapy</i></p>	<p>1998 Malcolm publishes <i>Circular Reflections</i>, a selection of papers on GA and PsA. <i>Inter-group and inter-theoretical bridges</i></p> <p>Malcolm becomes the Standard Bearer of GA (see interview with Dorothy Flapan)</p>
<p>2000 SEPTG enters a fraternal association with the Asociación Española de Psicodrama and is invited to present <i>"Una Historia abierta..."</i> in the First Iberoamerican Congress of Psychodrama in Salamanca in 2000.</p>	<p>2000 Juan uploads "A history..." in Internet on the occasion of the Jerusalem IAGP Congress.</p>	<p>2000 Malcolm: Group Psychotherapy of the Psychoses with Vic Schermer</p>
<p>2002 It is since this XXIX Symposium in Mallorca when seed money for a virtual inscription to the following symposium was collected, a forum was set up in the SEPTG web www.septg.org</p>		<p>2002 Malcolm: Building on Bion 1-roots 2-branches with R.Lipgar.</p>

<p><u>2002-2007</u> Also, Juan has participated in the Congresos Virtuales de Psiquiatría, in the second one with "Alfa y Omega del grupo análisis de Foulkes", the third "Psiquiatría de Guerra, psicología de paz", and the last one with "Las obras completas de S. H. Foulkes." of which the three first books in paper have been edited in 2007; and a CD with videos, sound tapes and gallery of photos is to appear.</p> <p><u>2004-2007</u> Pere Mir student and long-time collaborator of Juan Campos, edits and publishes a translation of the Complete Works of S. H. Foulkes.</p> <p><u>October 2007</u> The editor, Iñaki Markez, of the journal NORTE de salud mental interviews Juan as representative of groupanalytic thinking and practice.</p>	<p><u>2004</u> GAS Executive Committee crisis. Juan and Malcolm join in a Yahoo-group and Juan and Hanne re-edit the dossier GA XIV/1 1993-2004: "Milestones in the History of Group Analysis: The European Group Analytic Movement and the Question of Internationality in Group Analysis".</p>	<p><u>2007</u> Malcolm: "Learning Peace Here and Now: The intercultural competence of groups", paper presented in a Symposium in Granada, Spain Inter-groups, inter-cultural, inter-lingüistic bridges</p>
	<p><u>2008</u> Barcelona: Regional Mediterranean Conference of IAGP, hosted by SEPTG. Juan y Malcolm, principal lecturers. <i>International, inter-group, inter-theoretical and inter-methodological bridge</i></p>	